

CONCOURS D'ENTRÉE 2023-2024 / ԸՆԴՈՒՆԵԼՈՒԹՅԱՆ ՄՐՅՈՒՅԹ 2023-2024

ANGLAIS / ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ
FINANCES, GESTION, MARKETING/ՖԻՆԱՆՍՆԵՐ, ԿԱՌԱՎԱՐՈՒՄ, ՄԱՐԶԵԹԻՆԳ
26/06/2023

Task 1. Grammar

*There are 30 questions with a, b and c answers. Read the sentence and choose the correct answer from a, b, or c.
The total score for this task is 15. For each correct answer, you will get 0.5 points. For each incorrect or not chosen answer, you will get 0 points.*

1. How much to buy the tickets and pay for the travel.
a) has it cost b) is it costing c) does it cost
2. Why outside the door? What is the matter?
a) do you wait b) are you waiting c) had you waited
3. Every day we early and went to the beach.
a) had got up b) got up c) get up
4. While Mary, she broke a cup.
a) was washing-up b) had washed-up c) washed-up
5. Most probably she with us tonight.
a) comes b) was coming c) will come
6. breakfast yet?
a) Were you having b) Have you had c) Have you been having
7. Two men delivered the sofa. I for it before the delivery.
a) had paid b) paid c) have paid
8. That David. He hasn't got a bike.
a) has to b) should be c) can't be
9. Tell her that she be here by six. I insist on it!
a) must b) should c) may
10. If you the bill, you will get a warning letter.
a) won't pay b) didn't pay c) don't pay

11. If you me about the sun, I would have got sunburnt.
 a) didn't warn b) hadn't warned c) wouldn't warn
12. My laptop by a burglar.
 a) stole b) was been stolen c) was stolen
13. We saw them with parachutes.
 a) jump b) to jump c) jumped
14. Do you know what time ?
 a) does the shop open b) the shop opens c) will the shop open
15. Emma can't ski, and
 a) so is Mike b) neither is Mike c) neither can Mike
16. She's got freckles. her daughters.
 a) So have b) So did c) Neither have
17. Helen was behaving as if she Mr. Brown.
 a) has never seen b) had never seen c) would have never seen
18. Rachel is late. We wait for her.
 a) had better b) had better to c) would rather to
19. Gemma is very keen growing her own vegetables.
 a) in b) on c) for
20. Peter owns the largest model in world.
 a) a b) the c) --
21. There was furniture for sale.
 a) many b) the c) --
22. Would you like tomato? There is one in the fridge.
 a) -- b) the c) a
23. Someone has split water
 a) anywhere b) nowhere c) everywhere
24. My father and my mother are not retired.of my parents are retired.
 a) Either b) Neither c) Both
25. I was unlucky you wouldn't believe it.
 a) so b) such c) such an
26. It was very not to get the job.
 a) disappointed b) disappointing c) enough disappointed
27. Is Zedco the company was taken over last year.
 a) where b) whose c) which
28. The way your sister plays the violin sounds two cats fighting.
 a) like b) as c) alike
29. Henry asked Claire to marry him, the fact that he is a lot older than her.
 a) despite of b) although c) in spite of
30. And what a team! It is team ever.
 a) the more exciting b) the most exciting c) the excitiest

Task 2. Word Formation

Complete the sentences by changing the form of the word in capitals when it is necessary.

The total score for this task is 5 points. For each correct answer, you will get 0.5 points. For each incorrect answer or an answer with a spelling mistake, you will get 0 points.

Going abroad

Up until the 1960s, not many British people had (1) abroad for their holidays. Although the idea was (2), flying was still too expensive for most people. The only (3) people had was to go to British resorts. Instead of flying, families (4) to the British coast. Places like Blackpool and Brighton had millions of (5) every year. During the 60s and 70s, prices dropped and (6) began to visit places like Spain. At first, hotels were (7), but they slowly got better. These days, the (8) lounges at airports are full and people travel (9) and forwards across the world for work and on holiday. Every summer, tourists go in all (10) in search of the perfect beach and the perfect resort.

FLY

ATTRACT

CHOOSE

DRIVE

VISIT

TRAVEL

COMFORT

DEPART

BACK

DIRECT

Task 3: Vocabulary: Matching

Match the words with their definitions or synonyms. There are 3 extra definitions/synonyms.

The total score for this task is 7,5 points. For each correct answer, you will get 0.5 points. For each incorrect answer, you will get 0 points.

Attention! If your handwriting is illegible and it is impossible to understand what letter has been written, you will get 0 points.

N	Word	Letter	DEFINITION/SYNONYM
1	endure	a	remind (someone) of the words or actions needed
2	awkward	b	a person guilty of a fault or crime
3	comprehensive	c	discover
4	prompt	d	throw aside
5	severity	e	covering completely
6	linger	f	one who is expected to lose
7	discard	g	a shortcoming, imperfection, or lack
8	underdog	h	bear

9	chiropractor	i	not easily managed, clumsy
10	culprit	j	a person who treats ailments by massage and manipulation of the vertebrae and other forms of therapy on the theory that disease results from interference with the normal functioning of the nervous system
11	illegal	k	a sudden quick movement towards something
12	detect	l	violence, harshness
13	disaster	m	go slowly as if unwilling to leave
14	brawl	n	against the law
15	baggage	o	a great misfortune
		p	a noisy quarrel or fight
		q	an army's equipment
		r	judgment

Task 4. Grammar: Odd-word-out

Read each line carefully. Some lines are correct, but some have a word that should not be there. Put a tick (V) if the line is correct. If a line has a word, which should not be there, write the word in front of each line. There are 10 lines.

The total score for this task is 5 points. For each correct answer, you will get 0.5 points. If there is no tick or nothing is written on the answer sheet, you will get 0 points.

Lines 0 and 00 are marked as examples for you!

Losing your memory

Imagine it that one day you woke up and discovered that you had completely lost your memory. How would you have feel exactly? I have thought about this recently after I was involved in a traffic accident. I woke up in hospital, and said to myself 'It's the time I got up and have went to school!' I soon realised my mistake. A nurse came in and asked to me what my name was. I thought about it for a moment and then said, 'I would wish I knew!' Then I tried to get up. 'I'd rather prefer you didn't do that,' said the nurse. 'Don't worry

- *it*
- ✓
- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- 5)
- 6)
- 7)
- 8)
- 9)
- 10)

Task 5. Reading

There are two texts:

1. Text one has 7 **multiple-choice questions (a, b, c)**. The score for text one is **3,5 points**. For each correct answer, you will get **0,5 points**. For each incorrect or not chosen answer, you will get **0 points**.

2. Text two has 8 **True (T), False (F), Not Given (NG)** answers. The score for text two is **4 points**. For each correct answer, you will get **0,5 points**. For each incorrect or not chosen answer, you will get **0 points**.



The famous Trans-Siberian railway line goes from Moscow to Vladivostok, but there's another railway line about 650 kilometres north of the Trans-Siberian. This is the Baikal-Amur Mainline (BAM). A special train, the *Matvei Mudrov* medical train, travels along its 4,000 kilometres. There are usually between twelve and fifteen doctors on the train. The train stops for a day at places along the BAM. The people who live in small towns and villages come to the train for medical attention. There are no doctors or hospitals in their towns or villages. For these patients, their health centre is on the train.

The *Matvei Mudrov* was named after a Russian doctor in the nineteenth century. Nowadays, the *Matvei Mudrov* visits each town or village on the BAM twice a year. In the village of Khani (population 742), the patients include a man with two broken ankles and a teenage girl. She had appendicitis a month ago and she was lucky to travel to a town three hours away for an operation. The *Matvei Mudrov* doesn't have any equipment to do operations. The doctors can diagnose their patients' medical problems and recommend treatment and medicines. The train has a laboratory for blood and urine tests and a number of medical testing machines. The patients like the doctors on the train. They say they are honest and good at their jobs.

Next stop is a town called Berkakit. About 4,000 people live here. There is a queue to see the doctors. Mikhail Zdanovich is waiting for his turn. He's 61 years old and he came to Berkakit in 1976. At the time, only about a hundred young people lived in Berkakit. It was a new town. Zdanovich met a woman who worked at the town bakery. They married and stayed in the town. When Zdanovich walks into the doctor's office she says 'Oh, Mikhail, I recognised your voice.' He has a problem in his shoulder. The doctor writes a letter to say that he can't work, he must have an operation. He leaves, happy, and then he returns a few minutes later. He brings freshly cooked pies and some goat's milk.

For the people who live in this remote part of Russia, the *Matvei Mudrov* is more than a medical train. It's a social connection to the community of their country.

N	Statement	N	Statement
1	<u>What main service does the Matvei Mudrov train offer?</u>	2	<u>Where does the Matvei Mudrov train stop?</u>
a	diagnosing people’s health problems	a	in the towns that have health centres
b	doing operations in emergencies	b	in the villages and towns along the BAM railway line
c	visiting the doctors in small towns	c	in villages with under 1,000 people
3	<u>According to the article ...</u>	4	<u>What happens when the Matvei Mudrov train stops in a village?</u>
a	the BAM is 650 kilometres long.	a	People come to the train to see the doctors.
b	the BAM is 4,000 kilometres long.	b	The doctors visit people at home.
c	the BAM has only one train service.	c	The doctors visit the local health centre.
5	<u>According to the article ...</u>	6	<u>What’s the patients’ opinion of the train’s doctors?</u>
a	Matvei Mudrov was the name of a doctor.	a	bad
b	the BAM was built as a medical railway.	b	not bad or good
c	the train was the idea of a Russian doctor.	c	good
7	<u>Mikhail Zdanovich ...</u>		
a	can go back to work after seeing the doctor.		
b	isn’t satisfied with the doctor’s opinion.		
c	offers food to the doctor after the visit.		

Text 2

Read the text carefully and decide whether the statements are True, False, Not Given.

The Taj Mahal

The Taj Mahal (pronounced /ˌtɑːdʒ məˈhɑːl/) is a famous mausoleum next to the river Yamuna in the Indian city of Agra. A mausoleum is a building where people bury the dead. The name Taj Mahal means 'the crown of palaces'.

1.

The most famous part of the Taj Mahal is the large white dome in the centre. It is 35 metres high and is surrounded by four smaller domes. The rooms inside the building are decorated with beautiful archways and precious stones in the walls. The buildings are surrounded by gardens with pathways, pools, fountains and green gardens.

2.

The construction of the Taj Mahal began in 1632 and finished in 1653. It was built with materials from all over India and Asia, but the main material is white marble. Historians believe that the materials were transported by over 1,000 elephants for the construction.

3.

The emperor Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal as a burial place for his wife, Mumtaz Mahal. According to legend, he wanted to build another Taj Mahal in black on the other side of the river, but this never happened. During the Indian Rebellion of 1857, many parts of the Taj Mahal were damaged by British soldiers, who took some of the precious stones from its walls. Over the years, the Taj Mahal has suffered from environmental damage, and there have been many government attempts to conserve its beauty.

4.

The Taj Mahal is one of India's most famous landmarks. There are millions of visitors to the mausoleum every year. The Taj Mahal is almost always included in lists of famous buildings to visit and is considered one of the New Seven Wonders of the World. It is also a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

5.

- Encyclopedia Britannica article on the Taj Mahal: <https://www.britannica.com/topic/Taj-Mahal>
- UNESCO Profile of the Taj Mahal: <http://whc.unesco.org/en/list/252>

N	STATEMENT	T	F	N/G
1	The Taj Mahal is constructed of white marble and a small amount of black marble.			
2	There are water features in the gardens of the Taj Mahal.			
3	The construction of the Taj Mahal never finished.			
4	The materials for the Taj Mahal are not all from India.			
5	There was a black Taj Mahal on the other side of the river.			
6	The British destroyed the Taj Mahal in the 20th century.			
7	The Indian government is trying to protect the Taj Mahal.			
8	The Taj Mahal is the most visited building in India.			